

Summary table of SBT commitments (GHG protocol in tCO<sub>2</sub>eq)

Decarbonization commitments	Scopes	Data 2018 (a) (base year)	Data 2022	Interim Targets 2025 (c)	Targets 2035 (c)	Description of actions
<b>Energy</b> 1.5 °C Pathway	1.2	39,855	34,589	28,138 (i.e., 29% reduction)	11,399 (i.e., 71% reduction)	Section 4.1.2.3.
<b>Operations</b> Well Below 2 °C Pathway	3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.9, 3.15	253,599	(b)	209,219 (i.e., 18% reduction)	145,819 (i.e., 43% reduction)	Sections 4.1.2.3., 4.1.2.4.
<b>Business activities</b> (leased products & services) 2 °C Pathway	3.13	136,243	(b)	123,439 (i.e., 9% reduction)	107,207 (i.e., 21% reduction)	Section 4.1.2.5.
<b>Use of renewable electricity</b>	2	16%	34%	80%	100% (2030)	Section 4.1.2.3.
<b>Suppliers</b>	3.1, 3.2	13%	(b)	na	85% (2026)	Section 4.1.3.3.

na: not applicable

(a) 2018 data have been restated to exclude the GHG emissions for Universal Music Group (which left the group in 2021) and to include the emissions for Editis (consolidated in 2019) and Prisma Media (consolidated in 2021).

(b) As the group's commitments were validated by the SBTi in March 2023, monitoring and reporting of Vivendi's progress will be expanded upon in forthcoming reporting periods, particularly with regard to 2022 data concerning the "Operations", "Business activities" and "Suppliers" commitments.

(c) Compared to the base year.

The results for the "Energy" and "Use of renewable electricity" commitments in 2022 were in line with the expected pathway (details of actions in Section 4.1.2.3.).

#### ■ 4.1.2.3. Energy performance of sites, use of renewable energy and group-wide energy saving plan

For several years now, the Vivendi group has been committed to controlling its energy consumption and getting its buildings environmentally certified.

In 2022, over 40% of the group's  
employees were working in *Sustainable Buildings*  
labeled sites (compared to 32% in 2021).

In 2021, the group brought all these initiatives together under a common Sustainable Buildings program aimed at improving the environmental and energy efficiency of its buildings, thereby reducing the carbon footprint of its sites. This program is based on implementing internationally recognized environmental management standards (e.g., ISO 14001 and ISO 50001) or sustainable building certifications (e.g., HQE®, BREEAM® and LEED®).

Obtaining these certifications is often the culmination of processes that take several years, aimed at reducing the environmental impact of employees' day-to-day routines: recycling of food waste, procurement of certified resources (e.g., printer paper, coffee and toilet paper), elimination of plastic bottles and/or cardboard cups, and pooling of equipment (e.g., elimination of personal printers at Havas Village France).

Canal+ Group moved into a new head office in September 2022. This brand new HQE® and BREEAM® certified building features the very latest environmental innovations. It is equipped with a Building Management System (BMS), which controls all its amenities (i.e., water, blinds, lighting, air conditioning and heating) and their use to an advanced level of granularity (e.g., air renewal and air temperature adapted to meeting room occupancy, water automatically cut off in the event of abnormal flow and automatic lowering of blinds).

In 2022, nearly 34% of the electricity  
used by the group came from renewable  
sources (compared to 18% in 2021).  
Excluding Editis, the proportion of renewable  
electricity is 37% (details in Section 5.3.).

In addition to certifications and labels, the group is also eager to reduce the carbon impact of its operational energy mix. Switching to 100% of electricity from renewable sources by 2030 (and 80% by 2025) is one of the targets set by Vivendi as part of its commitment to the SBTi.

#### Increase in self-produced and self-consumed energy

Certain group sites have installed solar panels so that they can produce and consume their own electricity. This is the case at many Canal+ Group sites in France's overseas departments, as well as in Africa and Poland, and it is helping to secure the group's supply of carbon-free electricity. In all, Vivendi tripled the volume of its self-produced and self-consumed electricity between 2021 and 2022, from 547 MWh to 1,613 MWh, representing nearly 2% of the total electricity consumed by the group in 2022.